



OAK BROOK COLLEGE OF LAW

Mail: P.O. Box 26870, Fresno, California 93729

Shipping: 7650 N. Palm Ave., Suite 101B, Fresno, California 93711

559.650.7755 • Fax 559.650.7750 • www.obcl.edu

STUDENT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

The disclosures included herein are required by Rule 4.241 of the *Unaccredited Law School Rules* and Guideline 2.3(D) of the *Guidelines for Unaccredited Law School Rules*. This Disclosure statement must be provided to each prospective student upon payment of an application fee, but before payment of a registration fee, and to each new or returning student, prior to payment for any academic term. This disclosure must be signed by the enrolling student and the student shall receive a copy of the signed statement.

1. The method of instruction at this law school for the Juris Doctor (J.D.) degree program is principally by correspondence.

Students enrolled in the J.D. degree program at this law school who successfully complete the first year of law study must pass the First-Year Law Students' Examination required by Business and Professions Code §6060(h) and Title 4, Division 1, Chapter 1 Rule 4.3(l), of the *Rules of the State Bar of California* as part of the requirements to qualify to take the California Bar Examination. A student who passes the First-Year Law Students' Examination within three (3) administrations of the examination after first becoming eligible to take it will receive credit for all legal studies completed to the time the examination is passed. A student who does not pass the examination within three (3) administrations of the examination after first becoming eligible to take it must be promptly disqualified from the law school's J.D. degree program. If the dismissed student subsequently passes the examination, the student is eligible for re-enrollment in this law school's J.D. degree program, but will receive credit for only one year of legal study.

Study at, or graduation from, this school may not qualify a student to take the bar examination or to satisfy the requirements for admission to practice in jurisdictions other than California. A student intending to seek admission to practice law in a jurisdiction other than California should contact the admitting authority in that jurisdiction for information regarding the legal education requirements in that jurisdiction for admission to the practice of law.

2. Oak Brook College of Law is not accredited by the Committee of Bar Examiners of the State Bar of California, but is registered as an unaccredited correspondence law school.
3. Oak Brook College has not applied for accreditation in the previous five years.
4. The education provided by Oak Brook College of Law may not satisfy the requirements of other jurisdictions for the practice of law. Applicants should contact the jurisdiction in which they may wish to practice for that jurisdiction's requirements to practice law.
5. Oak Brook College of Law has not been issued a Notice of Noncompliance by the Committee of Bar Examiners.
6. The ratio of faculty to students for the previous five years has been:

2021 - 2022: 14 Faculty per 30 students

2020 - 2021: 14 Faculty per 32 students

2019 - 2020: 14 Faculty per 27 students

2018 - 2019: 14 Faculty per 30 students

2017 - 2018: 13 Faculty per 24 students

7. The number and passage results of Oak Brook College of Law students who have taken the First Year Law Students' Examination and General Bar Examination in the past five years is as follows:

FIRST-YEAR LAW STUDENTS' EXAMINATION PASSAGE STATISTICS

Data Source: State Bar of California

Exam Date	All Takers			First Timers			Repeaters		
	Took	Passed	% Passed	Took	Passed	% Passed	Took	Passed	% Passed
Jun-22	3	0	0.0%	2	0	0.0%	1	0	0.0%
Oct-21	8	4	50.0%	5	3	60.0%	3	1	33.3%
Jun-21	6	3	50.0%	1	0	0.0%	5	3	60.0%
Nov-20	14	7	50.0%	13	7	53.8%	1	0	0.0%
Oct-20	5	2	40.0%	1	1	100.0%	4	1	25.0%
Oct-19	8	3	37.5%	7	3	42.9%	1	0	0.0%
Jun-19	2	0	0.0%	0	0		2	0	0.0%
Oct-18	8	4	50.0%	4	2	50.0%	4	2	50.0%
Jun-18	3	0	0.0%	0	0		3	0	0.0%
Oct-17	10	3	30.0%	6	2	33.3%	4	1	25.0%
Total	67	26	38.8%	39	18	46.2%	28	8	28.6%

*The totals for All Takers and Repeaters include individuals who have sat for the FYLSX multiple times. The total number of first time takers reflects the actual number of OBCL students who have sat for the exam.

The average passage rate for OBCL first-time takers in the history of the school (June 1996 through June 2022) is 58.2%. The average passage rate for repeat takers for the same period is 33.5%. The actual numbers reveal that of the 541 students that have taken the FYLSX, 403 of them have passed (74.5%).

GENERAL BAR EXAMINATION PASSAGE STATISTICS*

Data Source: State Bar of California

Exam Date	All Takers			First Timers			Repeaters		
	Took	Passed	% Passed	Took	Passed	% Passed	Took	Passed	% Passed
Feb-22	5	2	40.0%	2	1	50.0%	3	1	33.3%
Jul-21	9	2	22.2%	2	2	100.0%	7	0	0.0%
Feb-21	6	0	0.0%	2	0	0.0%	4	0	0.0%
Oct-20	12	6	50.0%	2	2	100.0%	10	4	40.0%
Feb-20	8	1	12.5%	3	0	0.0%	5	1	20.0%
Jul-19	5	2	40.0%	0	0	#DIV/0!	5	2	40.0%
Feb-19	10	4	40.0%	2	1	50.0%	8	3	37.5%
Jul-18	13	1	7.7%	2	0	0.0%	11	1	9.1%
Feb-18	17	2	11.8%	5	1	20.0%	12	1	8.3%
Jul-17	13	3	23.1%	4	0	0.0%	9	3	33.3%
Total	93	21	22.6%	22	6	27.3%	71	15	21.1%

*The totals for All Takers and Repeaters include individuals who have sat for the Bar Exam multiple times. The total number of first time takers reflects the actual number of OBCL students who have sat for the exam.

The average passage rate for OBCL first-time takers in the history of the school (Feb. 2000 through Feb. 2022) is 52.5%. The average passage rate for repeat takers for the same period is 24.0%. The actual numbers reveal that of the 282 graduates that have taken the California Bar Exam, 215 of them have passed (76.2%).

The following is a summary of the educational background, qualifications, and experience of the Dean and each member of the faculty:

Robert J. Barth, Associate Dean, Professor: Professor Barth is a graduate of the University of Illinois (B.S. 1976), Southern Illinois University Law School (J.D. 1979), and the School of Public Policy at Regent University (M.A. 1986). He has taught at Regent University where he was also Assistant Dean for Academic and Student Affairs. Professor Barth is admitted to practice law in Virginia and Illinois.

Robert G. Caprera, Professor: Professor Caprera is a graduate of Duke University (B.A. 1976) and Nova University Law School (J.D. 1979). He is a member of the Massachusetts and Florida Bars, and is engaged in private practice.

John Eidsmoe, Professor: Professor Eidsmoe is a graduate of St. Olaf College (B.A., 1967), the University of Iowa College of Law (J.D., 1970), Lutheran Brethren Seminary (M.Div., 1980), Dallas Theological Seminary (M.A., 1980), Oral Roberts University (D.Min., 1985), and an Honorary Doctor of Laws from the Thomas Goode Jones School of Law. He is also a graduate of the Air Command & Staff College and the Air War College. He is a retired Air Force Judge Advocate and Lt. Colonel, an ordained pastor with the Association of Free Lutheran Congregations, admitted to the practice of law in Iowa, and is currently serving as Legal Counsel for the Foundation of Moral Law.

Peter L. Fear, Professor: Professor Fear is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 1999). He is admitted to practice law in California, where he is currently engaged in private practice.

Sean J. Gallagher, Professor: Professor Gallagher is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 1999). He is admitted to practice law in California.

Larry Higgins, Professor: Professor Higgins is a graduate of the University of Notre Dame (B.A. 1975) and Hamline University College of Law (J.D. 1980). He is admitted to practice law in Minnesota.

Jonathan P. Huber, Professor: Professor Huber is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 2002). He is admitted to practice law in California, where he is currently engaged in private practice.

William Humble III, Professor: Professor Humble is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 2001). He is admitted to practice law in California.

Emily A. Jackson, Professor: Professor Jackson is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 2004). She is admitted to practice law in California.

Michael A. Kern, Professor: Professor Kern is a graduate of is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 2011). He is admitted to practice law in California and has worked as a Deputy District Attorney in Southern California since 2012. He received a Master's Degree in Leadership and Administration.

Douglas McElvy, Dean, Professor: Professor McElvy is a graduate of the University of Alabama where he earned a Bachelor of Science in Commerce and Business Administration with a major in Accounting in 1967. He received his Juris Doctor in 1971 from the University of Alabama. He is admitted to practice law in Alabama, U.S. Federal Courts, and the U.S. Supreme Court.

Peter A. Sauer, Professor: Professor Sauer is a graduate of Oak Brook College of Law (J.D. 2007). He is admitted to practice law in California.

David J. Siegrist, Professor: Professor Siegrist is a graduate of the University of Illinois (B.S. 1978) and Drake University (J.D. 1981). He is admitted to practice law in Iowa, where he is currently engaged in private practice.

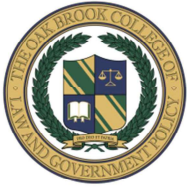
Robert Whalen, Professor: Robert Whalen, Professor: Professor Whalen is a graduate of California State University, Fresno (B.S. 1987) and Regent University (J.D., 1997). He is the Fresno County Deputy District Attorney and is Mayor Pro Tem for the City of Clovis, California. Professor Whalen is admitted to practice law in California.

I ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ON THE DATE LISTED BELOW, WHICH CONSISTS OF 3 PAGES, INCLUDING THIS SIGNATURE PAGE.

Print Name of Student

Signature of Student

Date: _____



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ATTRITION RATE FORM

Report Required by Rule 4.241(A)(10) of the Unaccredited Law School Rules

Attrition* Rates of Enrolled Students in Subsequent Years of Law Study
September 15, 2018 – September 15, 2022

Students enrolled in this law school's J.D. Degree Program by year of study:

	<u>First Year</u>	<u>Second Year</u>	<u>Third Year</u>	<u>Fourth Year</u>
9/15/ <u>18</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>3</u>
9/15/ <u>19</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>8</u>
9/15/ <u>20</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>
9/15/ <u>21</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>
9/15/ <u>22</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>4</u>

*In accordance with Guideline 5.22 of the *Guidelines for Unaccredited Law School Rules*: "A student who does not pass the First-Year Law Students' Examination within three (3) administrations after first becoming eligible to take the examination must be promptly disqualified from a law school's J.D. program." Other reasons for student attrition vary and include, but are not limited to, students voluntarily withdrawing from law school due to personal, family, business, career or financial issues and students who may have been dismissed by the law school because the students did not maintain academic good standing or who were unable to complete the mandatory curriculum requirements to earn a Juris Doctor degree.

**January 2023 Annual Disclosure by California Unaccredited Law
Schools Under California Business and Professions Code Section 6061.7(a)**

Name of Law School: _____

Primary Address: _____

Additional Branch/Satellite Campus(es): _____

Law schools that are registered or accredited in the State of California but are not approved by the American Bar Association must file this disclosure at the start of each calendar year pursuant to California Business & Professions Code 6061.7(a). The data in this report is current as of the 52 weeks ending September 15, 2022 unless otherwise noted. The State Bar of California's website contains a [list](#) of all schools that are registered or accredited in California.

1) Admissions Data:

- a) Total number of first-year applications received: _____
- b) Total number of first-year students admitted: _____
- c) Total number of first-year students enrolled: _____
- d) Undergraduate Grade Point Average (GPA) for all first-year students enrolled:
 - i) 75th Percentile: _____
 - ii) 50th Percentile: _____
 - iii) 25th Percentile: _____
- e) Law School Admissions Test (LSAT) numerical score for all first-year students enrolled (if LSAT is required For admission):
Reported Numerical Score:
 - i) 75th Percentile: _____
 - ii) 50th Percentile: _____
 - iii) 25th Percentile: _____

2) Time and Charges to Earn a JD degree as of September 15, 2022

- Total number of units required to earn a JD degree: _____
- a) Estimated total tuition charged to complete a JD degree: \$ _____
 - b) Estimated total fees charged to complete a JD degree: \$ _____

3) Financial Aid Available to First-Year Students (if qualified):

- Federally Guaranteed Loans
- Private Student Loans
- Loans Veterans Education Benefits
- California Department of Rehabilitation Benefits
- Unrestricted Scholarships/Grants/Discounts:
Total number and dollar amount awarded:
_____ \$ _____
- Conditional Scholarships/Grants:
Total number and dollar amount awarded:
_____ \$ _____

Description of all conditions (e.g., cumulative GPA) required to maintain any such scholarship:

4) Enrollment Data

a) Total number of students enrolled per class in the law school's JD degree program during the 52 weeks ending September 15 of the year indicated below:

	2019	2020	2021	2022
1st Year				
2nd Year				
3rd Year				
4th Year				
Total JD enrollment				

b) Total number of students who transferred to or from the JD program during the 52 weeks ending September 15 of the year indicated below:

	2019	2020	2021	2022
Transfers (to)				
Transfers (from)				

c) Total number of students who did not remain enrolled in the JD program, on either a voluntary or involuntary basis, during the 52 weeks ending September 15 of the year indicated below:(includes those who transferred to other schools):

	2019	2020	2021	2022
Total Attrition (#)				

5) Law School Administrators, Faculty, and Librarians as of September 15, 2022:

- Number of full-time faculty: _____
- a) Number of part-time faculty: _____
- b) Number of full-time administrators: _____
- c) Number of part-time administrators: _____
- d) Number of trained and degreed librarians (full- or part-time): _____

6) Required Courses and Clinical Courses as of September 15, 2022:

- a) Number of required courses for JD degree: _____
- b) Average class size for required courses: _____
- c) Number of school-sponsored clinical programs offered for credit: _____

7) Employment Outcomes:

The percentage of students graduating in 2019 who were employed in 2020, 2021 or 2022:

a) jobs that require a JD degree; or b) jobs in which holding a JD degree is an advantage:

Total number of 2019 JD graduates: _____

Total number of survey responses received: _____

Survey response rate: _____ %

Employment Status of 2019 Grads in:	2020	2021	2022
JD degree required	%	%	%
JD degree advantage	%	%	%

* Applies to the employment status of the law school's 2019 JD graduates of the above referenced law school only.

8) California Bar Examination Cumulative Five-Year Passage Data

- a) Number of JD graduates who took the bar exam at least once from January 1, 2017-December 31, 2021: _____
- b) Number of JD graduates who passed the bar exam during January 1, 2017-December 31, 2021: _____
- c) Cumulative bar exam five-year passage rate: _____ %